

# March 3, 1905

The residents of the upper part of town are digging the trench preparatory to laying pipes to connect with the water system at Fourth East and Center Streets.

21 DEC 1906

## IRRIGATION.

The following report made to the governor of Utah Territory in 1889 by the county surveyor of Wasatch County, sets out the condition of our irrigation systems, as they existed at that time in as brief and comprehensive a form as we are able to find. The report reads as follows:

### COUNTY SURVEYOR'S REPORT:

#### On the Irrigation System of Wasatch County.

Heber, Aug. 1, 1889.

To His Excellency Gov. Arthur L. Thomas, Salt Lake City:

Dear Sir:—By request of the county court of Wasatch County, I hereby submit a report of the irrigation system of Provo valley, and a few suggestions as to how it can be improved and enlarged, together with a map showing the irrigation canals, creeks, etc., and the arable land under irrigation, and that may be brought under irrigation by a proper system of canals and reservoirs. Provo valley proper comprises Heber, Midway and Charleston. It extends up and down the Provo river for a distance of about twelve miles, being about twelve miles wide near the center of the valley and gradually narrowing to a point at each end, above and below.

The Provo river meanders through the valley from north to south the general course of which is about south 23 deg. west. The valley comprises about 23,000 acres of arable land, 14,000 acres of which is now irrigated, or is in a condition to be irrigated. This year, on account of scarcity of water, there is not more than three-fifths enough water to sufficiently irrigate that amount.

Entering the valley at the southeast corner is Daniels' creek; the water of which is controlled by a corporation and irrigates about 600 acres of land. Flowing down this creek is the water brought over from Strawberry valley by a canal and empties into Daniels' canyon near its headquarters. This water is controlled by a corporation and irrigates about 500 acres. There is a chance to construct reservoirs in Daniels' canyon to retain the high water sufficient to irrigate about 1,000 acres, with an outlay of about \$6,000 and a reservoir could be constructed at the upper end of Strawberry valley, on the Indian reserve, the water from which could be brought down Daniels' canyon sufficient to irrigate 1,000 acres, with an outlay of about \$4,000.

#### Center Creek.

North of Daniels' creek about two miles is Center creek, the water of which is controlled by a corporation and will irrigate about 600 acres of land from its natural flow.

There is another corporation which owns and controls reservoirs situated in Center creek canyon sufficient to irrigate 300 acres of land at an outlay of about \$3,000. There is a chance to construct reservoirs in this canyon sufficient to irrigate 1,000 acres more with an outlay of about \$5,000.

#### Lake Creek.

About two miles north of Center Creek is Lake Creek, the water of which is controlled by a corporation, and irrigates about 600 acres. Another corporation has constructed a reservoir in Lake creek canyon, which at the present time will retain water sufficient to irrigate about 200 acres, at an outlay of \$2,000. Mr. Witt, president of the company, says: "This reservoir with an outlay of about \$3,000 more, can be made to irrigate about 1,000 acres."

#### Wasatch Canal.

The Wasatch Canal is about five miles long and was constructed at a cost of about \$10,000. It irrigates, at the present time, about 2,500 acres, and can be extended to cover about 2,000 acres more, above the Spring Creek canal which is now uncultivated owing to there being no water for it.

#### Spring Creek Canal.

This canal was constructed by a private corporation about one-half mile north of Heber townsite, and is controlled by a corporation.

#### The Charleston Canals.

These two canals, one about three miles long, and the other about two miles long, were constructed by a corporation known as the Charleston Irrigation company, at a cost of about \$5,500, and will irrigate about 1,000 acres.

#### North Field.

There is a section of country northwest of Heber known as the North Field, embracing about 3,000 acres of land under cultivation, lying along the east side of the Provo river. The right to the use of water from the river to this land is owned by individuals. These are the oldest claims in the valley.

#### Wallsburg.

The waters of Wallsburg, or Round Valley, are controlled by three corporations, known as Wallsburg Irrigation company, "Main Creek" Irrigation company, and the North Ditch Irrigation company, and one association not yet incorporated, which controls Hobble creek in said valley, and a few individual or private claims in the lower end of the valley which take in the seepage from above and the lower springs. There are about 2,500 acres irrigated in this section of country, and about 2,000 acres of arable land, a greater portion of which is bench-land, that could be irrigated by proper man-

be had to the lakes at the head of Provo river. There are a number of lakes at the head of the river that are natural reservoirs, and can, with an outlay of about \$20,000, be made to retain sufficient of the high water to irrigate all of the arable land not under cultivation at the present time on the course of the stream. The people of Provo valley and Woodland have expended about \$1,200 in reservoiring these lakes this year.

Respectfully submitted,

WM. BUYS,  
County Surveyor Wasatch Co.

There should be added to this report what has been done since that time in the matter of building canals, reservoirs etc., and the utilization of the waters flowing and empounded in them.

In 1890 the Willow Creek Canal started by the incorporation of a company, capitalized at \$10,000, to construct a canal to bring water from Strawberry and Willow creeks and

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NOTICE TO WATER USERS.

THE SPRING CREEK DITCH IRRIGATION COMPANY

(A Corporation)

Location of principal place of business  
Heber, Wasatch County, Utah.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the board of directors held on the 10th day of Nov. 1906, an assessment of 9 cents per share was levied on the capital stock of the corporation, payable to John T. Giles, secretary of the corporation, at his residence in Heber City, Utah, on or before the 30th day of Dec., 1906.

Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the 30th day of Dec., 1906, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on the 5th day of Jan. 1907, to pay the delinquent assessment together with the cost of advertising and expense of sale.

John T. Giles, Secretary.  
Location of office, Heber City, Wasatch County, Utah.  
First publication Nov. 23, 1906.

THE SAGE HUSH IRRIGATION COMPANY

(A Corporation)

Location of principal place of business  
Heber City, Wasatch County, Utah.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the directors of said company, held on the 10th day of November, 1906, an assessment of ten cents per share was levied on the capital stock of the corporation, payable to John T. Giles, secretary of the corporation, at his residence in Heber City, Utah, on or before the 30th day of December, 1906.

Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the 30th day of Dec., 1906, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before will be sold on the 5th day of January, 1907, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the cost of advertising and expense of sale.

John T. Giles, Secretary.  
Location of office Heber, Wasatch County, Utah.  
First publication, Nov. 23, 1906.

THE WIDE WEST MINING COMPANY

A corporation of the State of Utah.  
Principal place of business, Heber City, Wasatch County, Utah.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the board of directors of the above named company, held on the 10th day of Dec., 1906, an assessment of 1/2 cent per share was levied on the outstanding capital stock of the corporation, payable to James C. Jensen, Treasurer, at Bank of Heber City, Heber City, Wasatch Co., Utah, on or before the 10th day of January, 1907. Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the 10th day of January, 1907, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction and unless payment is made before will be sold on the 15th day of February, 1907, to pay the delinquent assessment together with the cost of advertising and expense of sale.

James C. Jensen, Secretary.  
Office, room 5 Bank block, Heber City, Wasatch County, Utah.  
First publication Dec. 14, 1906.

WANTED.—By Chicago wholesale and manufacturing house, a first class man (or men) for this country and adjoining territory. Salary \$30 and expense. Work pleasant. Those money advanced. No investment or position permanent. No time valuable. Experience required. State time valuable. Will send one for full particulars and complete self addressed envelope. Address, GRANKIN, 411 MANABIE, 111 E. Lake St., Chicago.

Wave 21 Dec 1906  
The Little Valley Grazing Company.

(A Corporation)

Location of principal place of business  
Heber City, Utah.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the board of directors of the Little Valley Grazing Company held on the 12th day of Dec., 1906, an assessment of 8 1/4 cents per share was levied on the capital stock of the corporation, payable to E. D. Smith, secretary of the corporation, at his residence in Heber City, Utah, on or before the 19th day of January, 1907.

Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the 19th day of Jan., 1907, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on the 11th day of Feb., 1907, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expense of sale.

1888

the homes in Center Creek, Lake Creek, Heber and even in Salt Lake City. Some of the buildings constructed of the stone were the Stake House and County Court House, the jail and the Central and North Schools, all in Heber. The sand stone was also used for sidewalks and for lining graves.

Lake Creek settlers also had their irrigation water problems as the population began to grow, and on May 2, 1888 the farmers of the area met to formulate plans for an irrigation company. An organizing committee was formed with Robert Broadhead as chairman and Robert Clegg as secretary. By July 6, 1888 the company organization was ready and Mr. Broadhead was elected as the first president. William Lindsay was named secretary with Henry Chatwin as treasurer and John Lee and Henry Clegg as directors.

First stockholders in the company were Henry Clegg, Robert Broadhead, John Lee, Henry Chatwin, James Nash, Elizabeth Nash, a Mrs. Phillips, John Baird, William Baird, James Baird, Robert and William Lindsay, Milton and William Murdoch, Orson Lee, Abram Hatch, Bengt Peterson, Mrs. Elisha Jones, Richard Jones, Thomas Campbell, William Blake, Mrs. William Cole, Eric Erickson, William Priestly, John Lloyd, Nels and Ludwig Anderson, Thomas and William Clegg, William Davis, Rasmus Miller, Rasmus Anderson and Charles W. Giles.

For several years the Lake Creek settlement continued, and separate school and church organizations were developed. However, it was gradually assimilated into the Center Creek development and became part of that community.

Industry in Center Creek has largely centered around farming. However, one of the first sawmills in the valley was constructed in Center Creek Canyon by Henry McMullin, William M. Wall and James Adams.

A general store was opened by William Baxter, who also operated a creamery. He bought milk from the farmers, made it into butter and